

IoT Based Smart Bin Design and Implementation for an Effective Waste Management System

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Abstract—Environment is essential for everyone and present everywhere, that supply all natural needs in an abundant manner but also we have some responsibilities towards our environment. In several urban areas although the dustbins are provided so that it can be used by the people but its proper maintenance is also needed lacking of which in hygiene increases destroying our environment day by day also resulting severe adverse effects for mankind. This paper presents some revolutionary remedies in this context. People are more interested to use such technologies which can reduce their time and effort in efficient manner. Automation is the most demandable feature now a day. For this purpose, smart dustbins are the much suitable approach. It will be helpful to develop green and smart city. [1]. For this we have to develop a fully automatic dustbin which will first be able to detect the current status and connected to local area network and servers by sending the data to computer system about its current status. Everywhere people are investigating on different aspects in several fields for making smart cities to enhance civilization and human comfort. This paper presents some basic ideas on smart dustbin which can be helpful to reduce human effort to make waste management more efficient. It will sense that dustbin is full or empty and will instruct to dump the garbage by for sending messages by Gsm and arduino module

Index Terms—Load cell, IOT, load sensing plate, Arduino, Wi-Fi, Internet.

I. INTRODUCTION

Embedded System is a combination of computer hardware and software, and perhaps an additional mechanical or other parts, designed to perform a specific function. A good example is the microwave oven. Almost every household has one, and tens of millions of them are used everyday, but very few people realize that a processor and software are involved in the preparation of their lunch or dinner. This is in direct contrast to the personal computer in the family room. It too is comprised of computer hardware and software and mechanical components (disk drives, for example). However, a personal computer is not designed to perform a specific function rather; it is able to do many different things. Many people use the term general-purpose computer to make this distinction clear.

As shipped, a general-purpose computer is a blank slate; the manufacturer does not know what the customer will do with it. One customer may use it for a network file server another may use it exclusively for playing games, and a third may use it to write the next great American novel. Frequently, an embedded system is a component within some larger system. For example, modern cars and trucks contain many embedded systems. One embedded system controls the anti-lock brakes, other monitors and controls the vehicle's emissions, and a third displays information on the dashboard. In some cases, these embedded systems are connected by some sort of a communication network, but that is certainly not a requirement. The solid waste is increasing in urban and rural areas as the population is increasing and waste management has become a global concern. In order to manage this overflowing garbage we need to take right decision. Mainly there are three types of sources where garbage is generated viz. residential, commercial and industrial. The garbage produced in the residential area can be collected directly from home or by making an arrangement for mass collection in that area and can be lifted using vehicles. In case of restaurants, malls and other commercial establishments garbage can be collected directly from the unit using vehicles. Industrial garbage which includes waste produced in construction sites, various industries can also be disposed using different ways. For effective handling of these wastes like collection and disposal, Internet of Things (IoT) concept is being used, which mainly deals with sensing, actuating, data gathering, storing and processing by connecting physical and virtual devices to the Internet. This system is a very innovative system which will help to keep the cities clean. In our daily life, we see the pictures of garbage bins being overfull and all the garbage out resulting in pollution. This also increases the number of diseases as a large number of insects and mosquitoes breed on it. To avoid all such situations we are going to implement a project called SMART WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM using Internet of Things. It will help in collecting the garbage from a particular

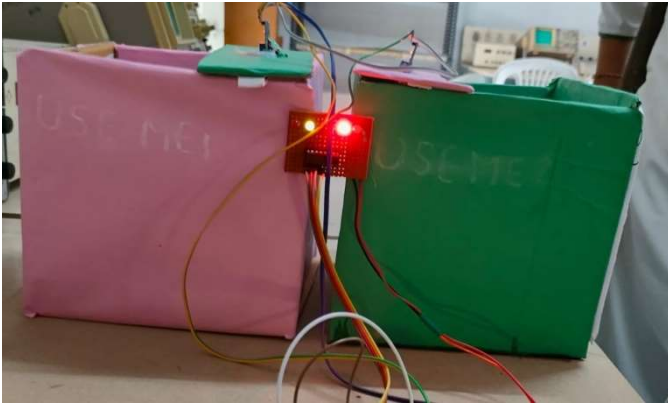


Fig. 1. when green led is on the dustbin is empty. when red led is on dustbin is full

area –there are whose public garbage bins are overflowing with prior concern.. [2].

II. OBJECTIVE OF THE PROJECT

Real-time monitoring of bin fill levels: Sensors in bins transmit data on fullness, allowing collection routes to be optimized, reducing unnecessary pickups of partially empty bins and avoiding overflows.

Dynamic route planning: By knowing which bins are full and where, collection routes can be adjusted in real-time to save time, fuel, and labor costs.

Reduced overflow: Garbage collection prevents overflowing bins and protecting the people's health from diseases caused by garbage, creating a cleaner and more pleasant environment. Fig. 1 shows the when green led is on the dustbin is empty. when red led is on dustbin is full

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The implementation of a Smart Waste Management System utilizing IoT technology resulted in improved waste collection efficiency and reduced operational costs through real-time monitoring and optimization of collection routes, contributing to enhanced environmental sustainability and service quality. The system's integration of IoT sensors and data analysis facilitated dynamic scheduling and decision-making, leading to more effective resource utilization and a reduction in carbon emissions. The deployment of a Smart Waste Management System leveraging IoT technology enabled real-time monitoring of waste bins, optimizing collection routes and schedules, thereby enhancing operational efficiency and reducing costs while promoting environmental sustainability through minimized carbon emissions and improved service quality.

IV. CONCLUSION

Improper disposal and improper maintenance of domestic waste create issues in public health and environment pollution – thus this paper attempts to provide practical solutions towards managing the waste collaborating it with the use of IoT. i.e. providing free internet facilities for a specific time on the trash is dumped into the bin. the proposed system will definitely

Implementation of Smart waste Management by NEC Batch D5 started ... Thank you

Fig.2. Message Display

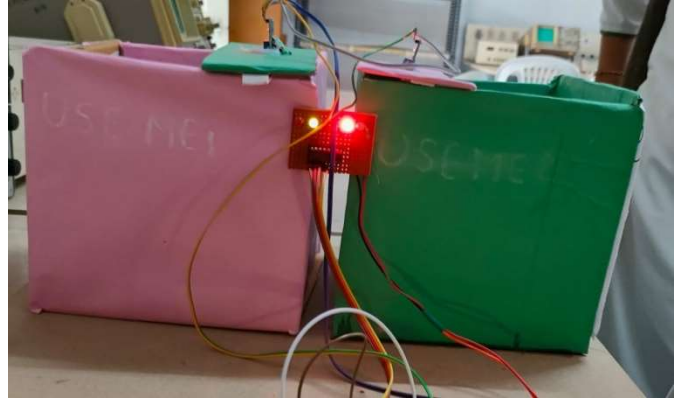


Fig.3. Bin 1 is Empty and Bin 2 is Full



Fig.4. LCD Display

Alert....!!! BIN2 is full.. .Please clear it immediately @ <https://maps.app.goo.gl/f9gKxtfBir31pgV8A>

Fig.5. Message Display

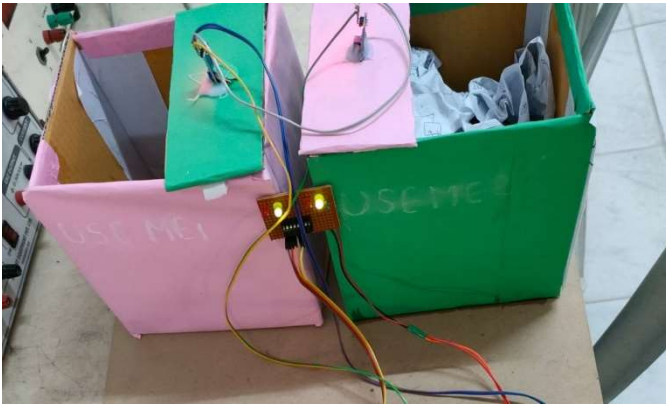


Fig.6.BinsAreEmpty



Fig.7.LCDDisplaystatus

help to overcome all the serious issues related to waste and keep the environment clean.

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